FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

JUNE 30, 2013



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

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We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Maasai Girls Education Fund (the Organization), which comprise of the statements of financial position as of June 30, 2013, and the related statement of activities and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organization as of June 30, 2013, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited the Organization's 2012 financial statements, and our report dated September 25, 2012, expressed an unmodified opinion on those audited financial statements. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Halt, Buzas & Powell, Itd.

Alexandria, Virginia October 31, 2013

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

JUNE 30, 2013

(with summarized financial information for 2012)

		2013	2012
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents Contributions receivable Investment, common stock Prepaid expenses	_	182,011 187 4,130	156,773 637 3,312 5,916
Total assets	\$	186,328	\$ 166,638
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS			
Accounts payable	\$	15,294	\$ 1,389
Total liabilities		15,294	 1,389
Net assets:			
Unrestricted Temporarily restricted		104,715 66,319	136,353 28,896
Total net assets		171,034	 165,249
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	186,328	\$ 166,638

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

(with summarized financial information for 2012)

	2013					2012	
	Unre	estricted_	-	porarily <u>tricted</u>	 Total		Total
Revenues:							
Contributions and grants	\$	38,056	\$	109,338	\$ 147,394	\$	113,800
In-kind contributions		78,847		-	78,847		98,122
Interest income		149 818		-	149 818		206 893
Unrealized gain on investments Net assets released from restrictions:		818		-	818		893
Satisfaction of donor restrictions		71,915		(71,915)	_		_
Total revenues		189,785		37,423	 227,208	_	213,021
Expenses:							
Program services		194,279		_	194,279		182,073
Support services:							
Management and general		24,679		-	24,679		26,422
Fundraising		2,465		-	 2,465		3,243
Total support services		27,144			 27,144		29,665
Total expenses		221,423			221,423		211,738
Change in net assets		(31,638)		37,423	5,785		1,283
Net assets, beginning of year		136,353		28,896	165,249	_	163,966
Net assets, end of year	\$	104,715	\$	66,319	\$ 171,034	\$	165,249

See accompanying notes to financial statements.



STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

(with summarized financial information for 2012)

		2013	2012	
Cash flows from operating activities: Change in net assets	\$	5,785	\$	1,283
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Unrealized gain on investments		(818)		(893)
Decrease (increase) in assets: Contributions receivable Prepaid expenses		450 5,916		860 (5,916)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities: Accounts payable		13,905		289
Total adjustments		19,453		(5,660)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		25,238		(4,377)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		25,238		(4,377)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		156,773		161,150
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	182,011	\$	156,773



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2013

1. Organization

The Maasai Girls Education Fund (the Organization) is a not-for-profit organization incorporated under the laws of Washington, D.C. and established exclusively for charitable purposes. The Organization helps improve the literacy, health and economic well-being of Maasai women, their families, and their communities in Kenya through education. To achieve this goal, the Organization is working to increase the number of girls who are enrolled in school by providing access to education for those who would otherwise not be able to enroll in school and to ensure that all will be able to continue their education until they are prepared to enter the workforce in Kenya. At the same time, the Organization is working to educate the community about the economic and social benefits of educating girls and to provide business training to rural Maasai women.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

Basis of presentation

The financial statements are presented in accordance with *U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* for not-for-profit organizations. Under those principles, the Organization is required to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to three classes of net assets:

Unrestricted Net Assets represent resources that are not subject to donor imposed stipulations and are available for operations at management's discretion.

Temporarily Restricted Net Assets represent resources restricted by donors as to purpose or by the passage of time.

Permanently Restricted Net Assets represent resources whose use by the Organization is limited by donor imposed stipulations that neither expire by passage of time nor can be fulfilled or otherwise removed by action of the Organization. Income from the assets held is available for either general operations or specific purposes, in accordance with donor stipulations.

The Organization has no permanently restricted net assets at June 30, 2013 and 2012.



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2013

Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Consequently, revenues

are recognized when earned and expenses when obligations are incurred.

Comparative financial statements

These financial statements include summarized comparative prior-year information in the statement

of activities. That information is not presented by net asset class and does not contain sufficient detail to

conform with generally accepted accounting principles. Therefore, this information should be read in

conjunction with the Organization's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2012.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting

Principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts of

assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial

statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses and their functional allocation during the

reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and cash equivalents

For financial statement purposes, the Organization considers highly liquid investments with an

original maturity of three months or less as cash equivalents.

Contributions receivable

Contributions receivable or unconditional promises to give are expected to be collected within one

year and are recorded at their net realizable value. When considered necessary, an allowance is recorded

based on management's estimate of uncollectibility. For the years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, no

allowance for doubtful accounts provision was necessary.

7.

Halt Buzas & Powell, LTD

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2013

Investment

Investment consists of common stock and is reported at fair value based on the quoted market price. It is classified as a level 1 investment under the fair value hierarchy measurement (see fair value measurements). Donated securities and other donated items held as investments are recorded at their fair value on the date of the donation. The gains and losses on investments are reported in the statement of activities as increases or decreases in unrestricted net assets, unless the income or loss is restricted temporarily or permanently by donor restrictions or law.

Fair value measurements

The Organization follows Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, for financial assets and liabilities. This standard establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The objective of a fair value measurement is to determine the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Accordingly, the fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets and liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). Inputs used to measure fair value are categorized as follows:

- Level 1 quoted prices in active markets for identical securities or liabilities.
- Level 2 inputs, other than quoted prices, that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly, including inputs from markets that are not considered to be active.
- Level 3 unobservable inputs which are typically based on an entity's own assumptions, as there is little, if any, related market activity.

In determining the appropriate levels, the Organization performs a detailed analysis of the assets and liabilities that are subject to the standard. At each reporting period, all assets and liabilities for which the fair value measurement is based on significant unobservable inputs are classified as Level 3. There were no level 3 inputs for any assets held by the Organization at June 30, 2013 or 2012.



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2013

Income taxes

The Organization is exempt from federal and local income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code on any net income derived from activities related to its exempt purpose. This code section enables the Organization to accept donations that qualify as charitable contributions to the donor. The Organization is subject to tax on net income from unrelated business activities. For the years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, the Organization did not recognize income tax expense in the accompanying financial statements as there was no unrelated business taxable income.

The Organization is not aware of any activities that would jeopardize their tax-exempt status that would require recognition in the accompanying financial statements, pursuant to *Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) for Income Taxes*. Generally, tax returns are subject to examination by taxing authorities for up to three years from the date a completed return is filed. If there are material omissions of income, tax returns may be subject to examination for up to six years. It is the Organization's policy to recognize interest and/or penalties related to uncertain tax positions, if any, in income tax expense. As of June 30, 2013 and 2012, the Organization had no accruals for interest and/or penalties.

Revenue recognition

Contributions and grants

Contributions and grants are recognized as revenue when received or promised and are recorded net of any current year allowance or discount activity. The Organization reports gifts of cash and other assets as temporarily restricted support if they are received or promised with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets to the Organization's programs or to a future year. When a donor restriction expires, that is, when a purpose restriction is accomplished or time restriction has elapsed, temporarily restricted net assets are reclassified to unrestricted net assets and reported in the accompanying statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions.



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2013

In-kind contributions

Donated materials, services and use of facilities are recorded at fair value when an unconditional commitment is received from a donor. In-kind contributions are recorded as revenue and expense in the accompanying financial statements. Contributions of services are recognized when services received (a) create or enhance nonfinancial assets or (b) require specialized skills, are provided by individuals possessing those skills, and would typically need to be purchased if not provided by donation. Accordingly, the Organization recognized professional services donated by the President. The fair value of the donated services for the years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 totaled \$75,625 and \$94,900, respectively. During each of the years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, the Organization recorded donated rent totaling \$3,222.

Functional allocation of expenses

The costs of providing the various programs and other activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the statement of activities. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among programs and supporting services benefited.

3. Net assets released from restriction

Net assets were released from donor restrictions by incurring expenses satisfying the restricted purpose. Purpose restrictions accomplished during the years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 were as follows:

	 <u> 2013 </u>	2012
Scholarships Workshops	\$ 61,495 S 10,420	33,054 8,184
Total net assets released from restrictions	\$ 71,915	\$ 41,238



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2013

4. Temporarily restricted net assets

At June 30, 2013 and 2012, temporarily restricted net assets were available for the following programs:

	2013		2012	
Scholarships Workshops	\$	33,842 32,477	\$ 	13,420 15,476
Total temporarily restricted net assets	\$ <u></u>	66,319	\$	28,896

5. Subsequent events

In preparing the financial statements, the Organization has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through September 27, 2013, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. There were no subsequent events that require recognition of, or disclosure in, these financial statements.

